

## Fingering chart for a 6-hole shepherd flute in C

1st register:

I.	I.	I.	I.	I.	I.	I.	I.	I.	I.	I.	I.
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	○	○
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	○
●	●	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	○	○	○
●	●	●	●	●	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
●	☉	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
C	C#	D	D#	E	F	F#	G	G#	A	Bb	B

2nd register:

II.	II.	II.	II.	II.	II.	II.	II.	II.	III.	II.	II.	III.	II.	II.	IV.
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	○	●
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	○	●	○	○	●
●	●	●	●	●	●	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
●	●	●	●	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
●	☉	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	●	○	○	○	○	○
C	C#	D	D#	(D#)	E	F	F#	G	(G)	G#	A	(A)	Bb	B	C

Legend:

● covered hole, ○ open hole, ☉ half-covered hole. Roman numbers mean the strength of blow (higher number means stronger). Tones in parentheses are alternative fingerings – choose one that sounds better on your flute or one that is more convenient for playing.